

Linear Algebra (Math 220)

Assignment due Tuesday, February 12

1 Reading

Read § 2.5 in Matthews.

2 Exercises

1. Let $R(s, t)$ be the function from \mathbf{R}^2 to \mathbf{R}^3 defined by

$$R(s, t) = (s + 2t, -2s - t, -2s + 2t) \ .$$

- (a) Find equation(s) that characterize the set S of all points (x, y, z) in \mathbf{R}^3 that arise as $R(s, t)$ for at least one pair (s, t) .
- (b) What kind of subset of \mathbf{R}^3 is S ?
2. Find the inverse of the matrix

$$M = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \ .$$

3. Find the smallest integer $k \geq 1$ for which the matrix power M^k is the identity matrix when M is the matrix of the previous exercise.
4. Find a simple formula for the k -th matrix power of the matrix

$$T = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \ .$$